#### Why model?

Cornell STSCI / INFO / ILRST 3900 Fall 2025 causal3900.github.io

30 Sep 2025

#### Logistics

- ▶ Quiz 2 Today
- ▶ PSET 3 released, due Oct 7
- ► Course project in discussion section tomorrow



#### Arc of the course

We began by asking causal questions

▶ Defining counterfactuals

Then we discussed causal assumptions

- ► Exchangeability and experiments
- ► Consistency and positivity
- ▶ Directed Acyclic Graphs

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5 weeks

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0 statistical models

### Learning goals for today

At the end of class, you will be able to

- ▶ explain the curse of dimensionality
- recognize the possible futility of nonparametric estimation

# Motivating a research question<sup>1</sup>

Income inequality across households depends on

- 1. inequality across individuals
- 2. how individuals pool into households

A college degree affects (1) and (2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Mare 1991, Schwartz 2013

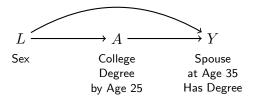
To what degree does finishing college increase the probability of having a spouse who finished college?

#### Data. National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997

- ► Probability sample of U.S. non-institutional civilian youth age 12–16 on Dec 31 1996
- ► Surveyed annually 1997–2011, then biennially
- n = 8,984

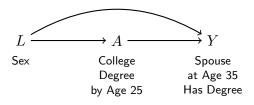
- ightharpoonup Treatment A: Finished BA by age 25
- lackbox Outcome Y: Spouse or partner at age 30–40 holds a BA
  - ▶ 0 if no spouse or partner, or partner with no BA
  - ▶ 1 if spouse or partner holds a BA

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- ightharpoonup Treatment A: Finished BA by age 25
- ▶ Outcome *Y*: Spouse or partner at age 30–40 holds a BA
  - ▶ 0 if no spouse or partner, or partner with no BA
  - ▶ 1 if spouse or partner holds a BA



#### Adjustment procedure

- 1) Estimate within subgroups defined by {sex}
- 2) Aggregate over the subgroups

#### Data

```
d %>%
  select(sex, a, y) %>%
 print(n = 8)
# A tibble: 7,771 x 3
  sex
        a
  <chr> <chr> <chr> <lgl>
1 Female college FALSE
2 Male no_college FALSE
3 Female no_college FALSE
4 Male no_college TRUE
5 Female no_college FALSE
6 Male no_college FALSE
```

7 Female college FALSE 8 Male college TRUE # i 7,763 more rows

```
# A tibble: 4 x 4
sex a ybar n
<chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> college 0.467 896

2 Female no_college 0.102 2953

3 Male college 0.614 637

4 Male no college 0.174 3285
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 5
        ybar_college ybar_no_college n_college n_no_college
 sex
 <chr>
              <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                       <int>
                                                    <int>
1 Female
            0.467
                              0.102
                                         896
                                                     2953
2 Male
             0.614
                             0.174
                                         637
                                                     3285
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 5
        ybar_college ybar_no_college n_college n_no_college
 sex
 <chr>
               <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                        <int>
                                                    <int>
1 Female
              0.467
                              0.102
                                          896
                                                     2953
2 Male
              0.614
                              0.174
                                          637
                                                     3285
```

```
# A tibble: 2 \times 5
        ybar_college ybar_no_college n_college n_no_college
 sex
 <chr>
              <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                        <int>
                                                    <int>
1 Female
             0.467
                              0.102
                                          896
                                                     2953
2 Male
            0.614
                             0.174
                                         637
                                                     3285
cate <- pivoted %>%
 mutate(conditional_effect = ybar_college - ybar_no_college,
        n_in_stratum = n_college + n_no_college) %>%
 select(sex, conditional effect, n in stratum) %>%
 print()
```

# 2) Aggregate over subgroups

# 2) Aggregate over subgroups

```
# A tibble: 2 x 3
  sex
         conditional_effect n_in_stratum
 <chr>>
                      <dbl>
                                    <int>
1 Female
                      0.365
                                     3849
                      0.440
2 Male
                                     3922
cate %>%
  summarize(population_average_effect = weighted.mean(
    conditional_effect,
    w = n_in_stratum
  ))
# A tibble: 1 x 1
 population_average_effect
```

<dbl>

## Recap: Intuition

College	College	
No College	No College	

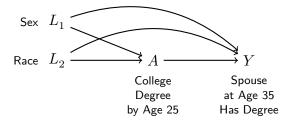
Female Male

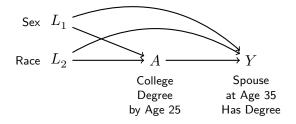
#### Recap: In code

```
d %>%
  # Group by confounders and treatment
  group_by(sex, a) %>%
  # Estimate within subgroups
  summarize(ybar = mean(y),
            n = n().
            .groups = "drop") %>%
 pivot_wider(names_from = a,
              values_from = c("ybar", "n")) %>%
 mutate(conditional_effect = ybar_college - ybar_no_college,
         n_in_stratum = n_college + n_no_college) %>%
  # Aggregate over subgroups
  summarize(population_average_effect = weighted.mean(
    conditional_effect,
   w = n_in_stratum
  ))
```

```
population_average_effect <dbl>
1 0.403
```

# A tibble: 1 x 1





- 1) Estimate effects within subgroups defined by {sex, race}
- 2) Aggregate over subgroups

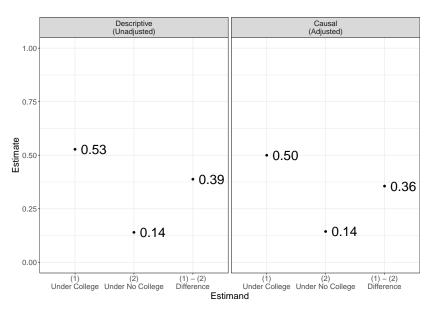
Hispanic Non-Hispanic Black Non-Hispanic Non-Black

College	College	
No College	No College	

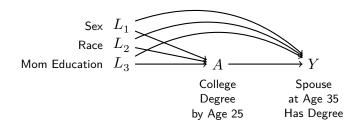
	College
College	
No College	No College

College	College
No College	No College

Female Male Female Male Female Male



# Adjust for sex, race, mom education

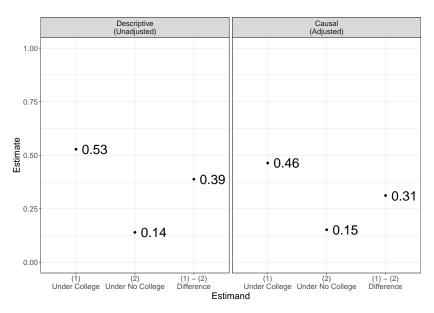


- Estimate effects within subgroups defined by {race,sex, mom education}
- 2) Aggregate over subgroups

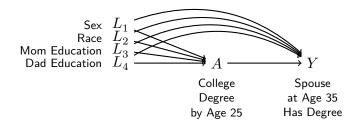
#### Adjust for sex, race, mom education

	ispanic	Non-Hisp	anic Black	Non-Hispanic Non-Black			
Gollege	College	College	College	College	Callege		
No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No mom	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	l	
College	Gollege	Gollege	<del> Gollege</del>	College	Gollege	1	
No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	< HS	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	l	
College	College	Callege	College	College	College		
No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	High school	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	I	
College	College	College	Callege	College	College		
No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	Some college	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male		
College	College	College -	College	College	College		
No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	No College	College	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	I	

### Adjust for sex, race, mom education



# Adjust for sex, race, mom education, dad education



- 1) Estimate effects within subgroups defined by {race,sex, mom education, dad education}
- 2) Aggregate over subgroups

# Adjust for sex, race, mom education, dad education

Hispanic	Non-Hispanic Black	Non-Hispanic Non-Black	
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	No dad No mom
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS No mom
Ro College No College	Ro College No College	No College No College	High school No mom
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some college No mom
	No College Ro College	No Coffege	College No mom
No College No College	Rollege Scillege No College No College	No College No College	No dad < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	High school < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some college < HS
No College Schlege		No College No College	College < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	No dad High school
Rollege Ro College No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS High school
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	High school High school
No Collège No Collège	No College No College	No College No College	Some college High school
No College No College	No College No College		College High school
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	No dad Some college
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS Some college
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	High school Some college
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some collegeSome college
No College No College	No College No College	College College No College	College Some college
No College No College	- No College	College No College	No dad College
College No College	No College No College	No Coffage No Coffage	< HS College
College No College	No Coffage No Coffage	No College No College	High school College
No College No College	No College No College	College College No College	Some college College
College Ro College	College - Lapage No College	College College	College College

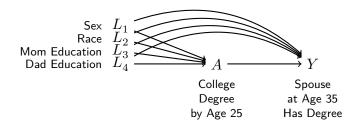
#### Adjust for sex, race, mom education, dad education

Hispanic	Non-Hispanic Black	Non-Hispanic Non-Black	
No Callage No Callage	No College No College	No College No College	No dad No mom
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS No mom
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	High school No mom
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some college No mom
No College No College	No College Sociege	No College	College No mom
No College No College	Ro College No College	No College No College	No dad < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS < HS
No College No College	No Coffege Ro Coffege	No College No College	High school < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some college < HS
Odlege Schlege No College No College		No College No College	College < HS
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	No dad High school
Rollege Rollege No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS High school
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	High school High school
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some college High school
No College No College	No College No College	<u>v</u> 8888	College High school
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	No dad Some college
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS Some college
No College No College	No Callage No Callage	No College No College	High school Some college
No College No College	No College No College	No College No College	Some collegeSome college
No College	No College No College	College College No College	College Some college
No College No College	- No College No College	College No College No College	No dad College
No College	No College No College	No College No College	< HS College
No Collège No Collège	No College No College	No College No College	High school College
No College No College	No College No College	College No College	Some college College
College Ro College	College No College	College	College College

# Curse of dimensionality: Unpopulated cells

# /	A tibble	e: 147 x	6			
	sex	race	mom_educ	dad_educ	n_college	n_no_college
	<chr>&gt;</chr>	<chr></chr>	<fct></fct>	<fct></fct>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1	${\tt Female}$	H	No mom	No dad	NA	32
2	${\tt Female}$	H	No mom	< HS	NA	6
3	${\tt Female}$	H	No mom	High school	NA	5
4	${\tt Female}$	H	No mom	Some college	NA	13
5	${\tt Female}$	H	< HS	College	NA	1
6	${\tt Female}$	H	High school	< HS	NA	34
7	${\tt Female}$	Non-H B	No mom	< HS	NA	2
8	${\tt Female}$	Non-H B	No mom	High school	NA	12
9	${\tt Female}$	Non-H B	No mom	College	NA	4
10	${\tt Female}$	Non-H B	< HS	High school	NA	24
# i 137 more rous						

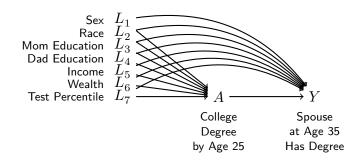
## Curse of dimensionality



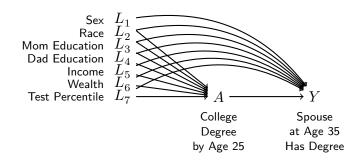
# 4.2% of the sample

is in a subgroup with either 0 treated or 0 untreated units

#### Curse of dimensionality



## Curse of dimensionality



# 100% of the sample

is in a subgroup with either 0 treated or 0 untreated units

#### Learning goals for today

At the end of class, you will be able to

- explain the curse of dimensionality
- recognize the possible futility of nonparametric estimation

After class, you should

read Hernán & Robins Ch 11