# Directed Acyclic Graphs: Marginal Independence

### Cornell STSCI / INFO / ILRST 3900 Fall 2023 causal3900.github.io

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## Learning goals for today

At the end of class, you will be able to

- draw a causal Directed Acyclic Graph
- enumerate edges in the graph
- read statistical dependence of nodes in the graph
- determine marginal exchangeability in the graph

After class:

► Hernán and Robins 2020 Chapter 6.1 and 6.2



Causal beliefs:

- 1) Smoking may cause you to carry a lighter
- 2) Smoking may cause lung cancer
- 3) Carrying a lighter does not cause lung cancer





Nodes represent random variables



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Requirement Any node with edges to at least two other nodes must be included





(Smokes, Carries Lighter) are statistically dependent — because (Smokes) causes (Carries Lighter)



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Possible ruleTwo nodes are dependent if and only if(not yet correct)they are connected by a path

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 Path
 A sequence of edges connecting two nodes

 Smokes → Carries Lighter
 Smokes → Lung Cancer

 Carries Lighter ← Smokes → Lung Cancer
 Carries Lighter ← Smokes → Lung Cancer





(Local Air Pollution) causes (Lung Cancer)



(Local Air Pollution) causes (Lung Cancer)

There are no common causes of (Smokes, Local Air Pollution)



(Local Air Pollution) causes (Lung Cancer)

There are no common causes of (Smokes, Local Air Pollution)

There is a path: (Smokes)  $\rightarrow$  (Lung Cancer)  $\leftarrow$  (Local Air Pollution)



(Local Air Pollution) causes (Lung Cancer)

There are no common causes of (Smokes, Local Air Pollution)

There is a path: (Smokes)  $\rightarrow$  (Lung Cancer)  $\leftarrow$  (Local Air Pollution)

Is (Smokes) statistically related to (Local Air Pollution)?





**Collider** A node on a path where two edges collide  $\rightarrow \bullet \leftarrow$ 



Lung cancer is a **collider** on the path  $(Smokes) \rightarrow (Lung Cancer) \leftarrow (Local Air Pollution)$ 

A collider **blocks the path**.

A blocked path does not create statistical dependence.



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Intuition: If two variables affect one outcome, that does not make those two variables related





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Possible ruleTwo nodes are dependent if and only if(not yet correct)they are connected by an unblocked path



#### Rule

Two nodes are dependent if and only if they are connected by an unblocked path

DAGs tell us why two variables are statistically dependent

► A set of unblocked paths

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Exchangeability requires statistical independence:  $A \perp Y^a$ 

Exchangeability holds if the only reason A and Y are related is the causal effect of A on Y

DAGs tell us why two variables are statistically dependent

A set of unblocked paths

Exchangeability requires statistical independence:  $A \perp Y^a$ 

Exchangeability holds if the only reason A and Y are related is the causal effect of A on Y

Exchangeability holds if all unblocked paths between A and Y are causal paths that point from A to Y

### Procedure

- 1) List all paths between A to Y
- 2) Cross out the blocked paths
- 3) Exchangeability holds if all remaining paths are causal

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